List of Agricultural Revolutions in India

Agricultural Revolutions in India	1.	
Products/Aim V	Revolution	Father of the Revolution
Integration of ecological principles in technology development	Evergreen 2006 Revolution	M S Swaminathan
Higher Production (Technology-driven 2nd Green revolution)	Protein Revolution	Coined by Narendra Modi and Arun Jaitely
Oilseed Production (Especially Mustard and Sunflower)	Yellow Revolution	Sam Pitroda
Petroleum products	Black Revolution	_
Fish Production	Blue Revolution	Dr Arun Krishnan
Leather / Cocoa / Non-Conventional Products	Brown Revolution	<u>-</u>
Jute Production	Golden Fiber Revolution	_
Fruits / Honey Production / Horticulture Development	Golden Revolution	Nirpakh Tutej
Onion Production / Pharmaceuticals / Prawn Production	Grey Revolution Pink Revolution	Durgesh Patel
Egg Production / Poultry Production	Silver Revolution	Indira Gandhi (Mother of the Revolution)
Cotton	Silver Fiber Revolution	_
Meat Production / Tomato Production	Red Revolution	Vishal Tewari
Potato	Round Revolution	
Food Grains	Green Revolution	M.S. Swaminathan
Milk Production	White Revolution	Verghese Kurien

Highlights of Agricultural Revolutions

Black Revolution: To increase petroleum production, the Government planned to accelerate the production of ethanol and to mix it up with petrol to produce biodiesel. Ethanol is a renewable source of energy and is a by-product of sugar production produced from molasses. The blending of ethanol with petrol has been practised in the USA and Brazil for over 70 years. The blending of ethanol with transport fuels would provide better returns to farmers, supplement scare resources of hydrocarbons and environment-friendly by reducing pollutants as it helps combustion.

Pink Revolution: The boom of export and production of meat in India is the period of the Pink Revolution. It denotes the technological revolution in the poultry and meat processing sector. Know more about this revolution on the page linked

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Grey Revolution: Grey revolution is related to increased fertilizer production. It is basically associated with the mal effects of the green revolution of India focusing on what can happen if the new agricultural equipment turns things wrong.

White Revolution: Verghese Kurien, the Father of the White Revolution was a social entrepreneur. His "billion-litre idea", Operation Flood made India the world's largest milk producer and dairy farming India's largest self-sustaining industry. Details on operation flood and White Revolution in India can be found on the linked page.

Operation Greens: On the lines of Operation Flood, the Government of India launched Operation Greens seeking to mirror the success of milk in the White Revolution for fruits and vegetables of the nation with a major focus on Tomato, onion and potato – TOP Crops. The scheme operation Greens was launched in the Union budget 2018-2019. Detailed information on <u>Operation Greens</u> can be found on the linked page.

Yellow Revolution: In the Yellow Revolution, rising from the 'net importer' state, India achieved the status of a self-sufficient and net exporter. An all-time record of 25 million tonnes of oilseeds production from annual oilseed crops was attained during the early nineties. More detail on the <u>Yellow Revolution</u> is given on the page linked here.

Green Revolution: The early 1960s was the phase of the Green revolution in India. It led to an increase in higher-yielding varieties of seeds due to improved agronomic technology. It allowed the then developing country, India, to overcome poor agricultural productivity. Detailed information on the Green Revolution can be checked here.

Silver Revolution: The production of eggs was tremendously increased during the Silver Revolution phase. The increased production of eggs was made possible due to medical science and more protein-rich food for the hens.

Golden Revolution: The period between 1991 to 2003 is known as the period of the Golden Revolution. This made India a world leader in the production of bananas, mangoes, etc. and provided sustainable livelihood and nutrition options. Know the period of the <u>Golden Revolution</u> in detail.

Brown Revolution: This revolution focuses on meeting the demand for coffee from the developed nations by growing socially responsible and environment-friendly coffee. The Brown Revolution is related to Visakhapatnam's tribal areas.

Blue Revolution: Blue revolution made the emergence of aquaculture an important and highly productive agricultural activity. Know about the <u>Blue Revolution</u> in detail.

Golden Fiber Revolution: Golden Fibre Revolution in India is related to jute production. During the industrial revolution, jute started being used as a raw material in the fabric industry and until today, the processed jute is used for making strong threads and jute products. Know more on Golden Fibre Revolution in the link provided.

Which of the following periods is known as the first Green Revolution period in India?

- 1. 1975-1978
- 2. 1951-1953
- 3. 1981-1983
- 4. 1966-1969

Answer (4) 1966-1969

The Green Revolution in India was an introduction of high-yielding varieties (HYV) of seeds for _____.

1 Millate

✓of high-yielding varieties (HYV) of seeds for
1. Millets
2. Wheat
3. Oilseeds
4. Pulses
Answer (2) Wheat
Round Revolution is associated with the
production of
1. Eggs
2. Tomatoes
3. Potatoes
4. Onions
Answer (3) Potatoes
Silver Fibre revolution is related to
1. Milk Production
2. Meat Production
3. Cotton production
4. Fruits Production
Answer (3) Cotton Production
Who is known as the Mother of Silver Revolution in India?
1. Durgesh Patel
2. Verghese Kurien
3. Harilal Chaudhary
4. Indira Gandhi
Answer (4) Indira Gandhi
Which state was chosen as the initiation site in India for Green Revolution?
1. Tamil Nadu
2. Punjab
- BU

3. Bihar 4. Andhra Pradesh **Answer (2) Punjab** Production of onions, drugs and pharmaceuticals, prawns all are associated with ____ revolution. 1. Pink Revolution 2. Grey Revolution Red Revolution 4. Evergreen Revolution **Answer (1) Pink revolution** is known as the Father of the White Revolution. 1. Norman Borlaug 2. Nirpakh Tutej 3. Dr. Verghese Kurien 4. M.S. Swaminathan Answer (3) Dr. Verghese Kurien Black Revolution is concerned with 1. Crude oil production 2. Grapes production 3. Oilseeds production 4. Coal production **Answer (1) Crude oil production** White Revolution is associated with the production of: A. Jute B. Cotton C. Eggs D. Milk

Correct Answer: D Who is the Father of White Revolution? A. M.S. Swaminathan B. Verghese Kurien C. Norman Borlaug D. Durgesh Patel Correct Answer: B / >mpl Green Revolution is related to the production of: A. Petroleum products B. Oil Seeds C. Agriculture (Food grains) D. Milk **Correct Answer: C** Who is considered as Father of Green **Revolution in India?** A. M.S. Swaminathan B. Dr. Arun Krishnan C. Durgesh Patel D. Verghese Kurien **Correct Answer: A** Green Revolution was initiated in India in: A 1960's B. 1970's C. 1980's D.1990's Correct Apswer : A Golden Revolution is related with the production of: A. Honey B. Horticulture C. Both A and B D. Neither A nor B

O. Doui / (and D
D. Neither A nor B
Correct Answer: C
Silver Revolution related with the production
of:
A. Fertilizers
B. Eggs
C. Cotton
D. Oil Seeds
Correct Answer : B
Golden Fiber Revolution related with the
production of :
A. Jute
B. Fruits
C. Potato
D. Cotton
Correct Answer : A
Silver Revolution related with the production
of:
A. Fertilizers
B. Milk
C. Cotton
D. Jute
Correct Answer : C
Round Revetution is related with the
production of :
A. Potato
B. Eggs
C. Jute
D. Wheat
Correct Answer : A
Grey Revolution is related to :
A. Fertilizers production

B. jute production C. Milk Production D. Oil Seeds Production **Correct Answer: A** Blue Revolution was associated with the production of: A. Jute B. Cotton C. Fish D. Petroleum Products **Correct Answer: C Father of Green Revolution in world:** A. Norman Borlaug B. Durgesh Patel C. Verghese Kurien D. Dr. Arun Krishnan Correct Answer: A Production of Milk and Dairy products are associated with: A. Green Revolution B. White Revolution C. Silver Revolution D. Blue Revolution **Correct Answer: B** Pink Revolution is related with the production **of** : A. Onions B. jute C. Potato D. Wheat **Correct Answer: A** Brown Revelution is related with the production of:

Α.	Leather
В.	Cocoa
C.	Both A
\Box	Maithar

and B

D. Neither A nor B

Correct Answer: C

Red Revolution is related with the production

of:

A. Meat and Tomatoes

B. Honey and Horticulture

C. Milk and Dairy products

D. Leather and Cocoa

Correct Answer: A

Black Revolution is related with the production

of:

A. Jute

B. Potato

C. Rice

D. Petroleum products

Correct Answer: D

Production of fruits, Honey and Horticulture are all associated with:

A. Golden Revolution

B. Silver Revolution

C. Yellow Revolution

D. White Revolution

Correct Answer: A

Yellow Revolution is related to:

A. Jute Production

B. Milk Production

C. Oilseed Production

D. Cotton Production

Correct Answer: C